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SPECIFICATION

VXT350MQHI-03C

Preliminary Specification

Final Specification



Approved By:

Date:

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1. Scope

This specification defines general provisions as well as inspection standards for TFT module supplied by Victronix Tecenstar INT'L Co., LTD.

If the event of unforeseen problem or unspecified items may occur, naturally shall negotiate and agree to solution.

2. General Specifications

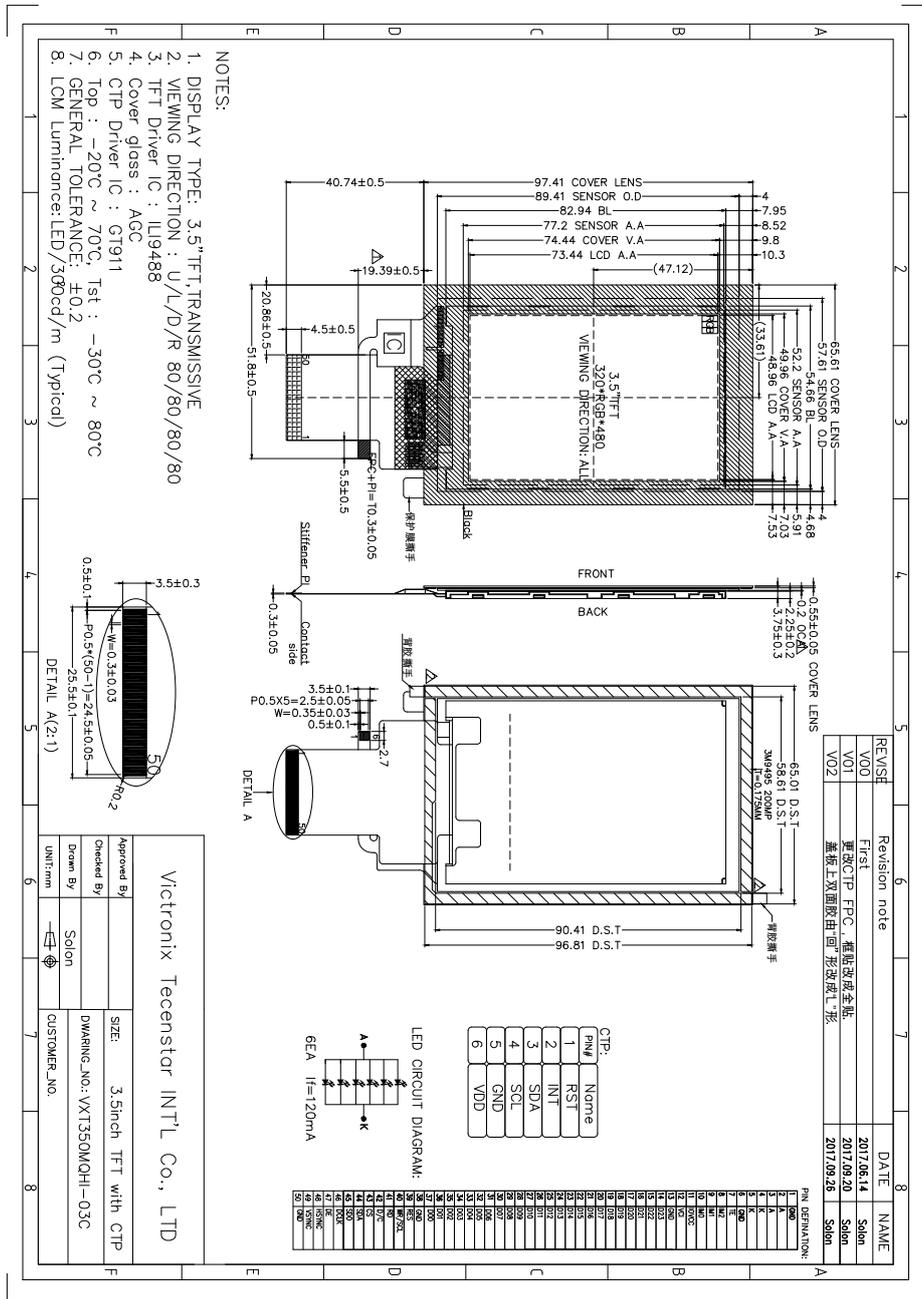
2.1 LCD Parameter

Item	Contents	Unit	Note
LCD Type	TFT	-	
Display color	16.7M		
Viewing Direction	ALL	O'Clock	
Grayscale inversion direction	-	O'Clock	
Operating temperature	-20~+70	°C	
Storage temperature	-30~+80	°C	
Module size	3.5	inch	
Active Area(W×H)	48.96x73.44	mm	
Number of Dots	320x480	dots	
Controller	ILI9488	-	
Power Supply Voltage	3.3	V	
Outline Dimensions	65.61x97.41x3.75	mm	
Backlight	1x6-LEDs (white)	pcs	
Weight	---	g	
Interface	RGB	-	

2.2 CTP Parameter

Item	Contents	Unit	Note
Cover View Area	49.96(H)x74.44(V)		
CTP Resolution	320x480	dots	
Interface Mode	IIC		
Touch Mode	5 Human fingers multi-touch	-	
Surface hardness	>=7H	-	
Transparency	>=85%	-	
Accuracy	Center +/-1.5mm,Edge +/-2.5mm	mm	
CTP Controller	GT911	-	
Power Supply Voltage	3.3	V	

3.Outline Drawing



4.Interface Description

4.1 LCD interface

Pin No.	Symbol	I/O	Function																																				
1	GND	P	Ground.																																				
2~3	A	P	LED back light(Anode)																																				
4~5	K	P	LED back light(Cathode)																																				
6	GND	P	Ground.																																				
7	TE	O	Serve as a TE(Tearing effect) output signal																																				
8	IM2	I	Select the interface mode <table border="1" style="margin-left: 20px;"> <thead> <tr> <th>IM2</th> <th>IM1</th> <th>IM0</th> <th>Interface</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>MIPI-DBI Type B 24-bit bus (DB_EN = 1)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>MIPI-DBI Type B 18-bit bus (DB_EN = 0)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>1</td> <td>MIPI-DBI Type B 9-bit bus</td> </tr> <tr> <td>0</td> <td>1</td> <td>0</td> <td>MIPI-DBI Type B 16-bit bus</td> </tr> <tr> <td>0</td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td>MIPI-DBI Type B 8-bit bus</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>0</td> <td>1</td> <td>MIPI-DBI Type C Option 1 (3-line SPI)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td>0</td> <td>MIPI DSI</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td>MIPI-DBI Type C Option 3 (4-line SPI)</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	IM2	IM1	IM0	Interface	0	0	0	MIPI-DBI Type B 24-bit bus (DB_EN = 1)	0	0	0	MIPI-DBI Type B 18-bit bus (DB_EN = 0)	0	0	1	MIPI-DBI Type B 9-bit bus	0	1	0	MIPI-DBI Type B 16-bit bus	0	1	1	MIPI-DBI Type B 8-bit bus	1	0	1	MIPI-DBI Type C Option 1 (3-line SPI)	1	1	0	MIPI DSI	1	1	1	MIPI-DBI Type C Option 3 (4-line SPI)
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9	IM1	I																																					
10	IM0	I																																					
11	IOVCC	P	Digital IO Pad power supply(1.8V&2.8V)																																				
12	VCI	P	Power supply (2.8V)																																				
13	GND	P	Ground.																																				
14-37	D23-D00	I	Data pin																																				
38	GND	P	Ground.																																				
39	RES	I	Reset the display																																				
40	WR/SCL	I	Write enable pin I80 parallel bus system interface/Serial clock as																																				
41	RD	I	Read signal.																																				
42	D/C	I	Data/Command selection pin.																																				
43	CS	I	Chip select signal																																				
44	SDA	I	Serial Input data bus																																				
45	SDO	I	Serial output data bus																																				
46	DCLK	I	Data clock																																				
47	DE	I	Data enable pin																																				
48	HSYNC	I	Line sync signal																																				
49	VSYNC	I	Frame sync signal																																				
50	GND	P	Ground.																																				

4.2 CTP pin

Pin No.	Symbol	I/O	Function
1	RST	I	Reset the display
2	INT	I	External Interrupt to the IC of CTP
3	SDA	I/O	Serial Input/output data bus
4	SCL	I	Serial clock
5	GND	P	Ground
6	VDD	P	CTP Power supply

5. Absolute Maximum Ratings(Ta=25°C)

5.1 Electrical Absolute Maximum Ratings.(Vss=0V ,Ta=25°C)

Item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit	Note
Power Supply Voltage	VCI	-0.3	3.3	V	1, 2
	IOVCC				
	V _{GH} -V _{GL}	-	32		

Notes:

1. If the module is above these absolute maximum ratings. It may become permanently damaged. Using the module within the following electrical characteristic conditions are also exceeded, the module will malfunction and cause poor reliability.
2. V_{DD} > V_{SS} must be maintained.

5.2 Environmental Absolute Maximum Ratings.

Item	Storage		Operating		Note
	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
Ambient Temperature	-30°C	80°C	-20°C	70°C	1,2
Humidity	-	-	-	-	3

1. The response time will become lower when operated at low temperature.
2. Background color changes slightly depending on ambient temperature.
The phenomenon is reversible.
3. Ta<=40°C:85%RH MAX.

Ta>=40°C:Absolute humidity must be lower than the humidity of 85%RH at 40°C.

6. Electrical Specifications and Instruction Code

6.1 Electrical characteristics(V_{ss}=0V ,T_a=25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Note	
Power supply	V _{CI}	T _a =25°C	2.5	2.8	3.3	V	-	
	IOVCC		1.65	1.8	3.3			
Input voltage	'H'	V _{IH}	VDD=3.3V	0.7 _{IOVCC}	-	IOVCC	V	-
	'L'	V _{IL}		-0.3	-	0.3 _{IOVCC}	V	-
Output voltage	'H'	V _{OH}	IOH= -1.0mA	0.8 _{IOVCC}	-	IOVCC	V	-
	'L'	V _{OL}	IOL= +1.0mA	0	-	0.2 _{IOVCC}	V	-

Note:

1:When an optimum contrast is obtained in transmissive mode.

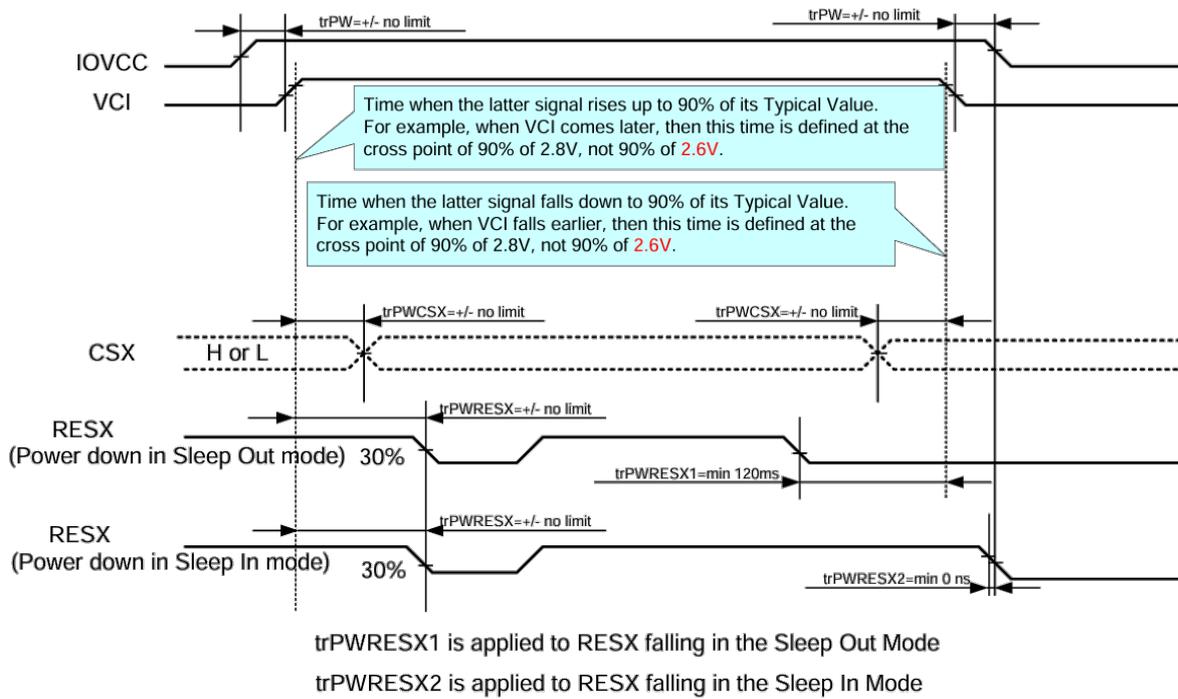
2: Tested in 1×1 chessboard pattern.

7. Timing Characteristics

7.1 POWER ON/OFF SEQUENCE

7.1.1 Case 1 – RESX line is held high or unstable by host at power on:

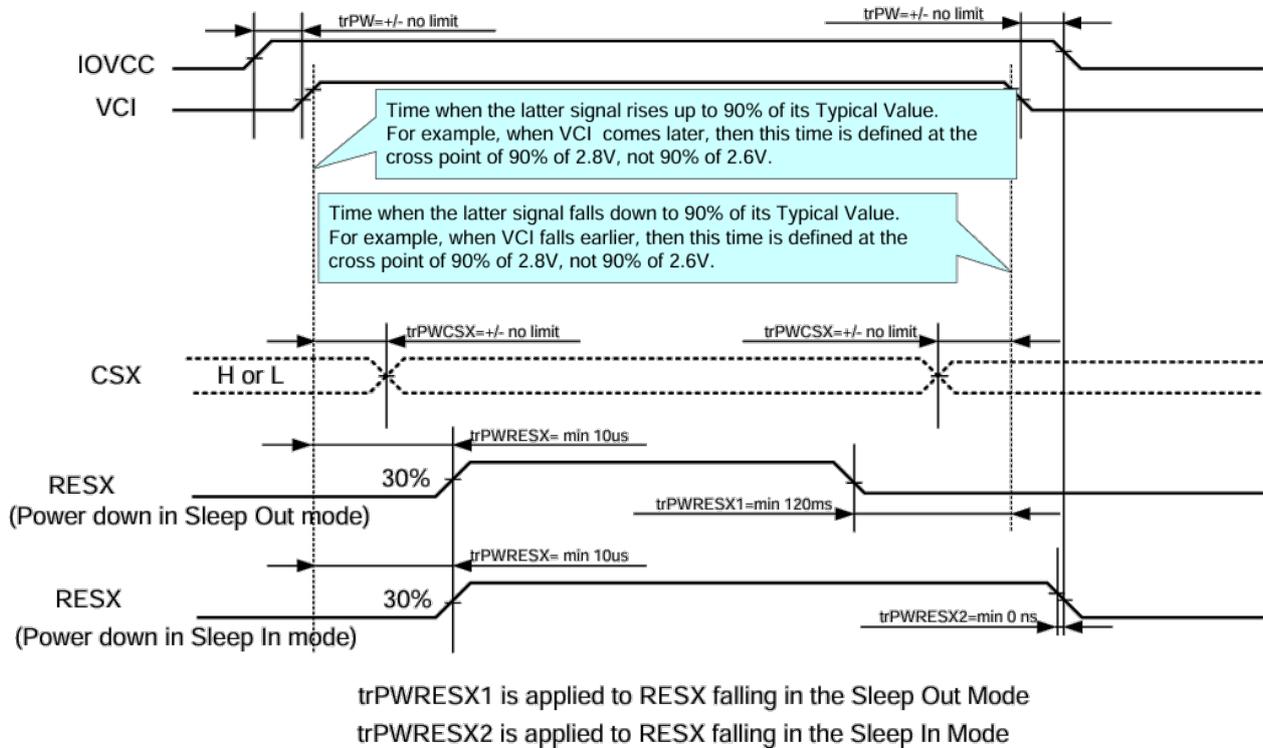
If the RESX line is held High or unstable by the host during Power On, then Hardware Reset must be applied after both VCI and IOVCC have been applied. Otherwise, the correct functionality is not guaranteed. There is no timing restriction upon this hardware reset.



Note: Unless otherwise specified, timings herein show the cross point at 50% of the signal power level.

7.1.2 Case 2 – RESX line is held low or unstable by host at power on

If the RESX line is held Low (and stable) by the host during Power On, then the RESX must be held low for a minimum of 10µsec after both VCI and IOVCC have been applied.



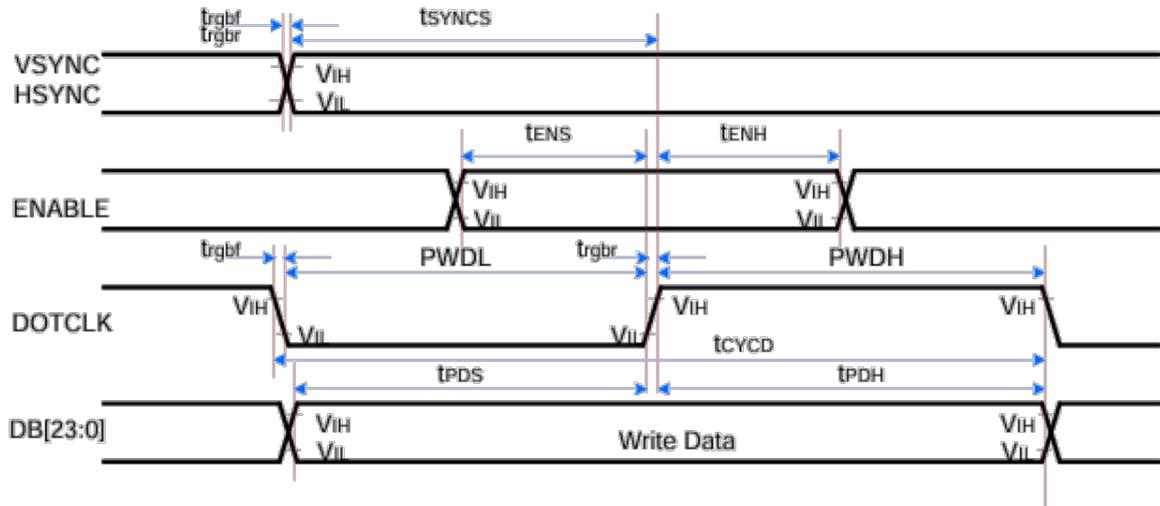
Note: Unless otherwise specified, timings herein show the cross point at 50% of the signal power level.

7.1.3 Uncontrolled Power Off

The Uncontrolled Power Off means the situation when a battery is removed without the controlled power of sequence. There will not be any damages on the display module, or the display module will not cause any damages on the host or lines of the interface. At an uncontrolled power off event, the ILI9488 will force the display to become blank and will not cause any abnormal visible effects within 1 second on the display and remains blank until "Power On Sequence" powers it up.

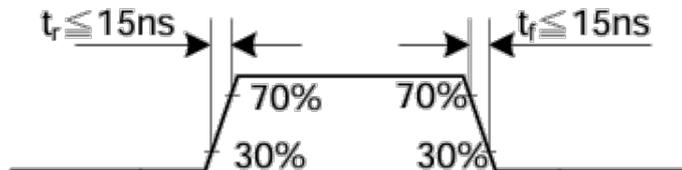
7.2 AC Characteristics

7.2.1 DPI (Display Parallel 16-/18-/24-bit interface) Timing Characteristics



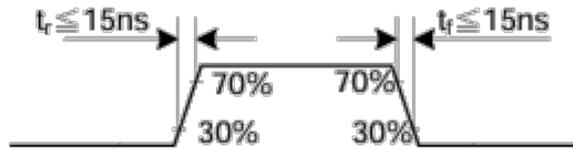
Signal	Symbol	Parameter	min	max	Unit	Description
VSYNC/ HSYNC	t_{SYNCS}	VSYNC/HSYNC setup time	15	-	ns	16-/18-/24-bit bus RGB interface mode
	t_{SYNCH}	VSYNC/HSYNC hold time	15	-	ns	
ENABLE	t_{ENS}	ENABLE setup time	15	-	ns	
	t_{ENH}	ENABLE hold time	15	-	ns	
DB [23:0]	t_{PDS}	Data setup time	15	-	ns	
	t_{PDH}	Data hold time	15	-	ns	
DOTCLK	PWDH	DOTCLK high-level period	20	-	ns	
	PWDL	DOTCLK low-level period	20	-	ns	
	t_{CYCD}	DOTCLK cycle time	50	-	ns	
	t_{rgb}, t_{rbr}	DOTCLK,HSYNC,VSYNC rise/fall time	-	15	ns	

Note: $T_a = -40$ to 85 °C, $IOVCC = 1.65V$ to $3.3V$, $VCI = 2.5V$ to $3.3V$, $AGND = DGND = 0V$

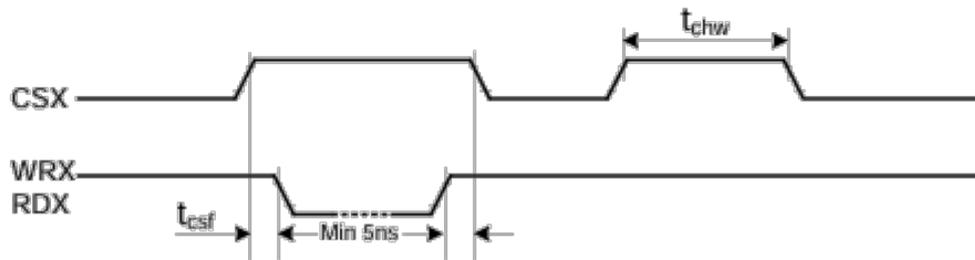


Notes:

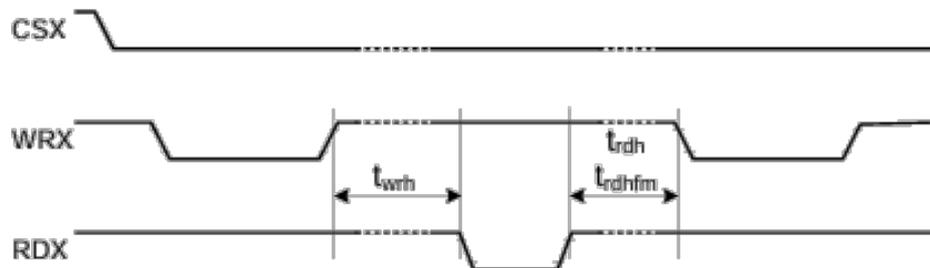
1. $T_a = -40$ to 85 °C, $IOVCC = 1.65V$ to $3.3V$, $VCI = 2.5V$ to $3.3V$, $AGND = DGND = 0V$
2. Logic high and low levels are specified as 30% and 70% of $IOVCC$ for input signals.
3. Input signal rising time and falling time:



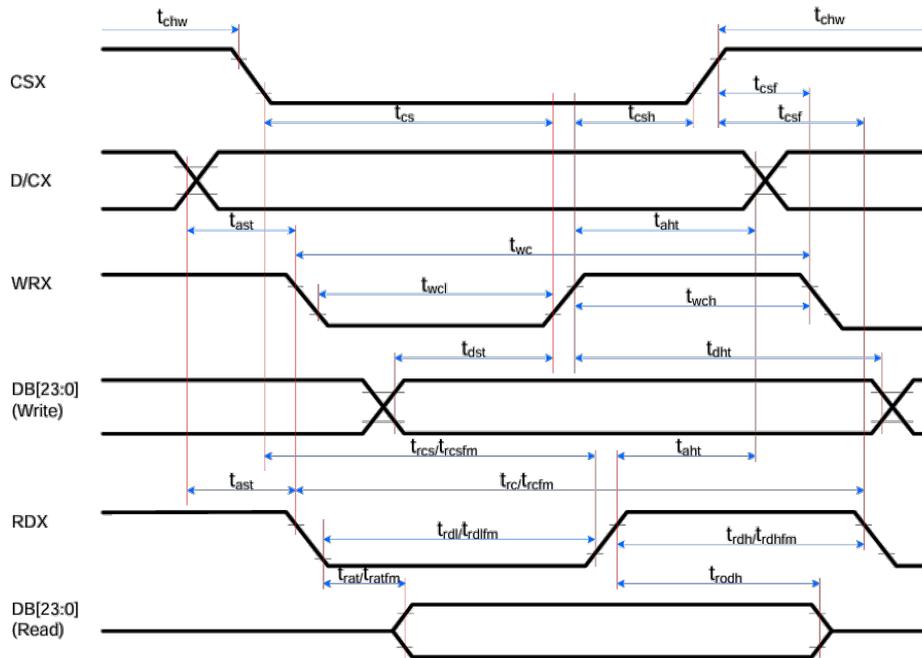
7. The CSX timing:



8. The Write to Read or the Read to Write timing:

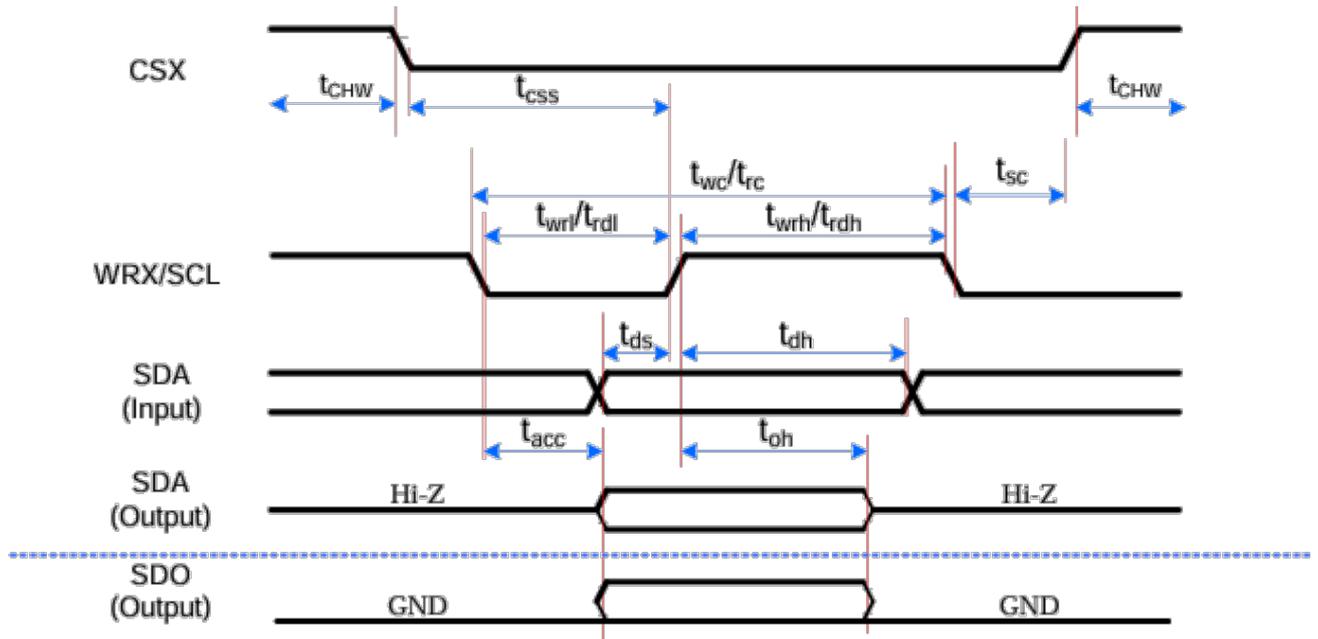


7.2.2 DBI Type B Timing Characteristics



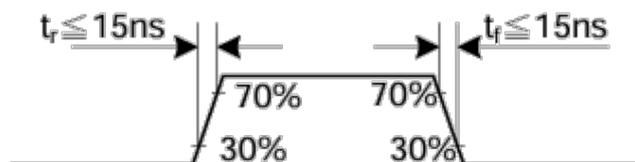
Signal	Symbol	Parameter	min	max	Unit	Description
DCX	tast	Address setup time	0	-	ns	-
	taht	Address hold time (Write/Read)	0	-	ns	-
CSX	tchw	CSX "H" pulse width	0	-	ns	-
	tcs	Chip Select setup time (Write)	15	-	ns	-
	trcs	Chip Select setup time (Read ID)	45	-	ns	-
	trcsfm	Chip Select setup time (Read FM)	355	-	ns	-
	tcsf	Chip Select Wait time (Write/Read)	0	-	ns	-
WRX	twc	Write cycle	40	-	ns	-
	twrh	Write Control pulse H duration	15	-	ns	-
	twrl	Write Control pulse L duration	15	-	ns	-
RDX (FM)	trcfm	Read Cycle (FM)	450	-	ns	When read from Frame Memory
	trdhfm	Read Control H duration (FM)	90	-	ns	
	trdlfm	Read Control L duration (FM)	355	-	ns	
RDX (ID)	trc	Read cycle (ID)	160	-	ns	When read ID data
	trdh	Read Control pulse H duration	90	-	ns	
	trdl	Read Control pulse L duration	45	-	ns	
DB [23:0], DB [17:0], DB [15:0], DB [8:0], DB [7:0]	tdst	Write data setup time	10	-	ns	For maximum, CL=30pF For minimum, CL=8pF
	tdht	Write data hold time	10	-	ns	
	trat	Read access time	-	40	ns	
	tratfm	Read access time	-	340	ns	
	trod	Read output disable time	20	80	ns	

7.2.3 DBI Type C Option 1(3-Line SPI System) Timing Characteristics

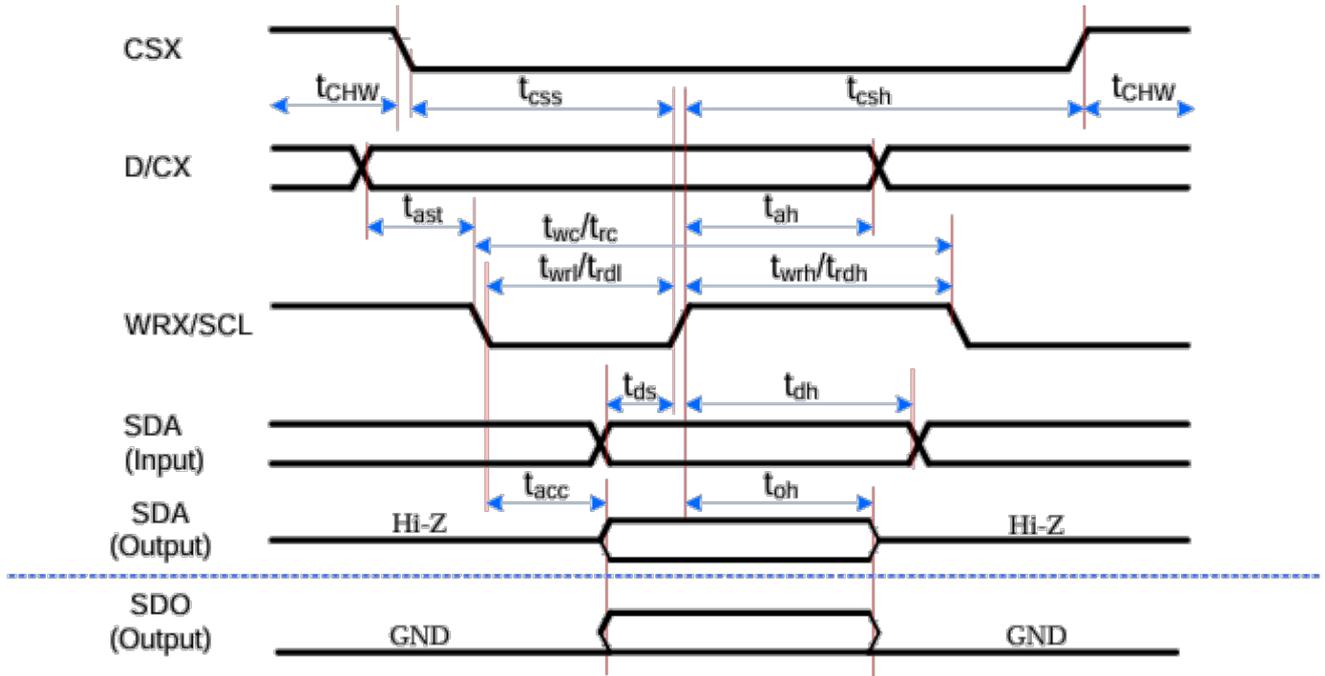


Signal	Symbol	Parameter	min	max	Unit	Description
CSX	t _{sc}	SCL-CSX	15	-	ns	
	t _{chw}	CSX H Pulse Width	40	-	ns	
	t _{css}	Chip select time (Write)	60	-	ns	
	t _{chsh}	Chip select hold time (Read)	65	-	ns	
SCL	t _{wc}	Serial Clock Cycle (Write)	66	-	ns	
	t _{wrh}	SCL H Pulse Width (Write)	15	-	ns	
	t _{wrl}	SCL L Pulse Width (Write)	15	-	ns	
	t _{rc}	Serial Clock Cycle (Read)	150	-	ns	
	t _{rdh}	SCL H Pulse Width (Read)	60	-	ns	
	t _{rdl}	SCL L Pulse Width (Read)	60	-	ns	
SDA (Input)	t _{ds}	Data setup time (Write)	10	-	ns	
	t _{dh}	Data hold time (Write)	10	-	ns	
SDA/SDO (Output)	t _{acc}	Access time (Read)	10	50	ns	For maximum CL=30pF
	t _{oh}	Output disable time (Read)	15	50	ns	For minimum CL=8pF

Note: Ta = -40 to 85 °C, IOVCC = 1.65V to 3.3V, VCI = 2.5V to 3.3V, AGND = DGND = 0V, T = 10+/-0.5ns



7.2.4 DBI Type C Option 3(4-Line SPI System) Timing Characteristics



Signal	Symbol	Parameter	min	max	Unit	Description
CSX	tcsw	Chip select time (Write)	15	-	ns	
	tcsh	Chip select hold time (Read)	15	-	ns	
	tCHW	CS H pulse width	40	-	ns	
SCL	twc	Serial clock cycle (Write)	50	-	ns	
	twrh	SCL H pulse width (Write)	10	-	ns	
	twrl	SCL L pulse width (Write)	10	-	ns	
	trc	Serial clock cycle (Read)	150	-	ns	
	trdh	SCL H pulse width (Read)	60	-	ns	
	trdl	SCL L pulse width (Read)	60	-	ns	
D/CX	tas	D/CX setup time	10	-	ns	
	tah	D/CX hold time (Write/Read)	10	-	ns	
SDA (Input)	tds	Data setup time (Write)	10	-	ns	
	tdh	Data hold time (Write)	10	-	ns	
SDA/SDO (Output)	tacc	Access time (Read)	10	50	ns	For maximum CL=30pF
	tod	Output disable time (Read)	15	50	ns	For minimum CL=8pF

Notes:

3. $T_a = -40$ to 85 °C, $IOVCC = 1.65V$ to $3.3V$, $V_{CI} = 2.5V$ to $3.3V$, $AGND = DGND = 0V$, $T = 10 \pm 0.5ns$.
2. Does not include signal rising and falling times.

7.3 Reset timing characteristics

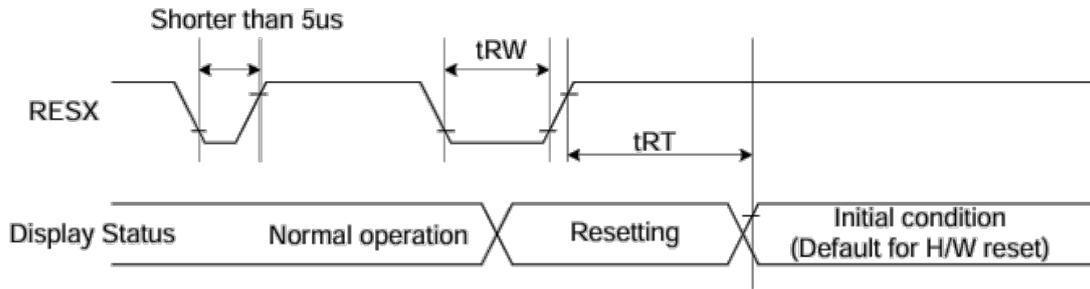


Table 39: Reset Timing

Signal	Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Unit
RESX	tRW	Reset pulse duration	10		uS
	tRT	Reset cancel		5 (note 1,5) 120 (note 1,6,7)	mS

Notes:

1. The reset cancel also includes the required time for loading ID bytes, VCOM setting and other settings from the EEPROM to registers. After a rising edge of RESX, this loading is done within 5 ms after the H/W reset cancel (tRT).
2. According to the Table 40, a spike due to an electrostatic discharge on the RESX line does not cause irregular system reset.

Table 40: Reset Description

RESX Pulse	Action
Shorter than 5us	Reset Rejected
Longer than 9us	Reset
Between 5us and 9us	Reset starts

3. During the Reset period, the display will be blanked (When Reset starts in the Sleep Out mode, the display will enter the blanking sequence in at least 120 ms. The display remains the blank state in the Sleep In mode.) and then return to the default condition for the Hardware Reset.
4. Spike Rejection can also be applied during a valid reset pulse, as shown below:

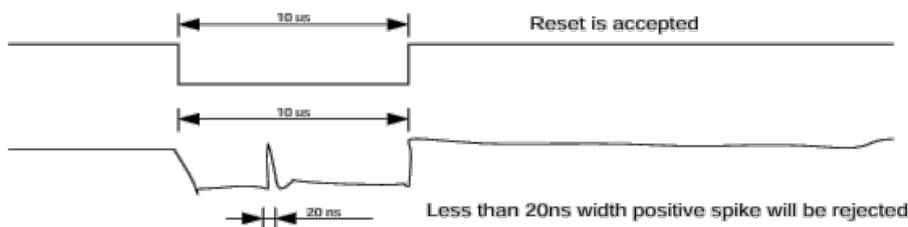
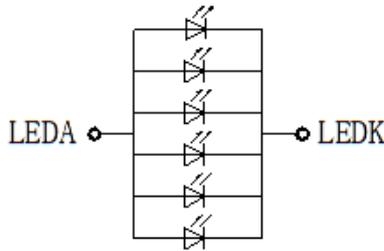


Figure 135: Positive Noise Pulse during Reset Low

8.0 Backlight Characteristic

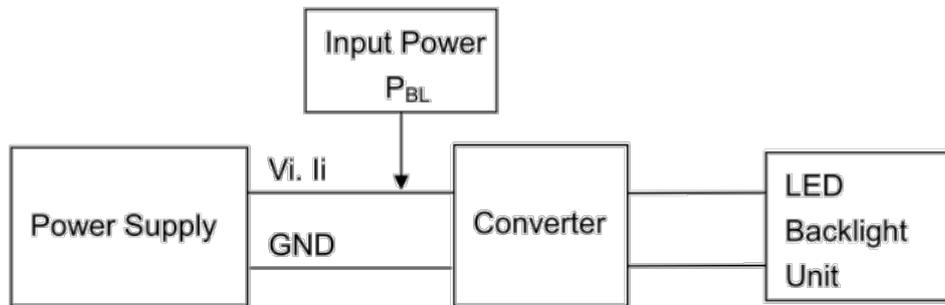


BL driving conditions:
 $I_f = 120 \text{ mA}$, $V_f = 3.0V \pm 0.3V$

Item	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Test Condition
Supply Voltage	V_f	-	3.0	-	V	Note 1
Supply Current	I_f	-	120	-	mA	Note 2
Power dissipation	P_{BL}	-	360	-	mW	
Life Time	-	30000	-	-	Hr	Note 3,4
Backlight Color	White					

Note 1: The LED Supply Voltage is defined by the number of LED at $T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$ and $I_f=120\text{mA}$.

Note 2: LED current is measured by utilizing a high frequency current meter as shown below:



Note 3: The “LED life time” is defined as the module brightness decrease to 50% original brightness at $T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$ and $I_f=120\text{mA}$. The LED lifetime could be decreased if operating I_f is larger than 120mA.

Note 4: LED light bar circuit:

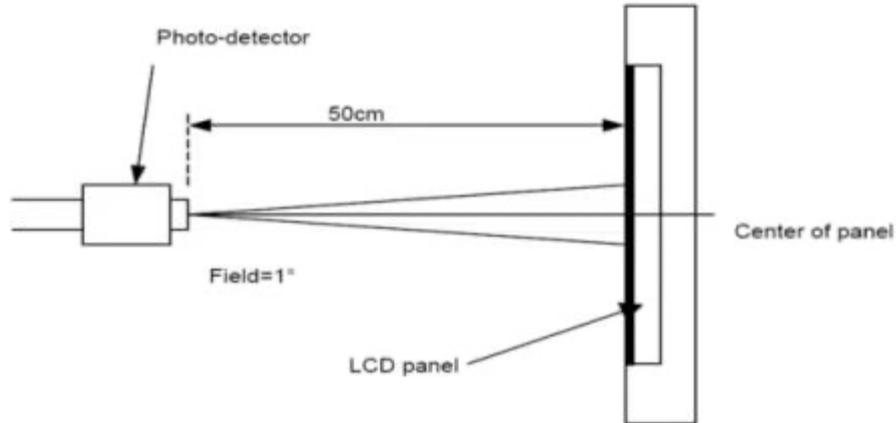
9. Optical Characteristics

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Note	
Brightness	Bp	If=120mA	250	300	-	Cd/m ²	1	
Uniformity	ΔBp		80	-	-	%	1,2	
Viewing Angle	3:00	Cr≥10	-	80	-	Deg	1,2	
	6:00		-	80	-			
	9:00		-	80	-			
	12:00		-	80	-			
Contrast Ratio	Cr	θ=0° Φ=0°	-	700	-	-	3,4	
Response Time	T _r +T _f		-	30	-	ms	4,5	
Color of CIE Coordinate	W	x	θ=0° Φ=0°	0.2253	0.2753	0.3253	-	1,6
		y		0.2402	0.2902	0.3402	-	
	R	x		0.5805	0.6305	0.6805	-	
		y		0.3018	0.3518	0.4018	-	
	G	x		0.2738	0.3238	0.3738	-	
		y		0.5268	0.5768	0.6268	-	
	B	x		0.0887	0.1387	0.1887	-	
		y		-	0.0410	0.0910	-	
NTSC Ratio	S	-	60	-	%			

*The parameter is slightly changed by temperature, driving voltage and materiel

Note 1: The data are measured after LEDs are turned on for 5 minutes. LCM displays full white. The brightness is the average value of 9 measured spots. Measurement equipment CA310 Measuring condition:-Measuring surroundings: Dark room.-Measuring temperature: Ta=25°C.-Adjust operating voltage to get optimum contrast at the center of the display.

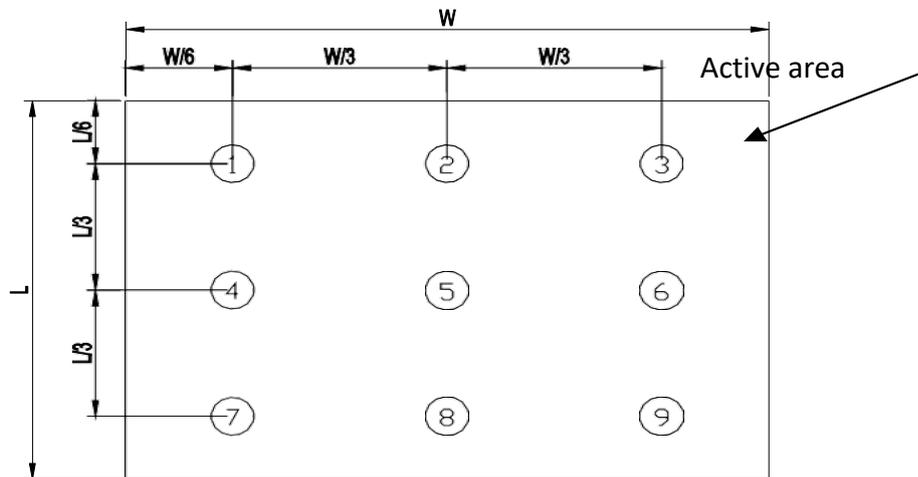
The measured value is more than 5 minutes at the center point of the LCD panel, and the backlight is turned on at the same time.



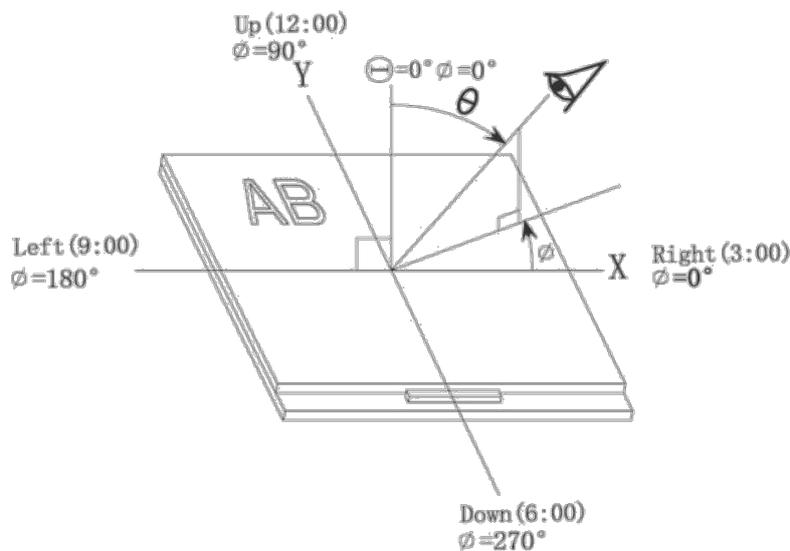
Note 2: The luminance uniformity is calculated by using following formula.

$$\Delta Bp = Bp (\text{Min.}) / Bp (\text{Max.}) \times 100 (\%); Bp (\text{Max.}) = \text{Maximum brightness in 9 measured spots}$$

$$Bp (\text{Min.}) = \text{Minimum brightness in 9 measured spots.}$$



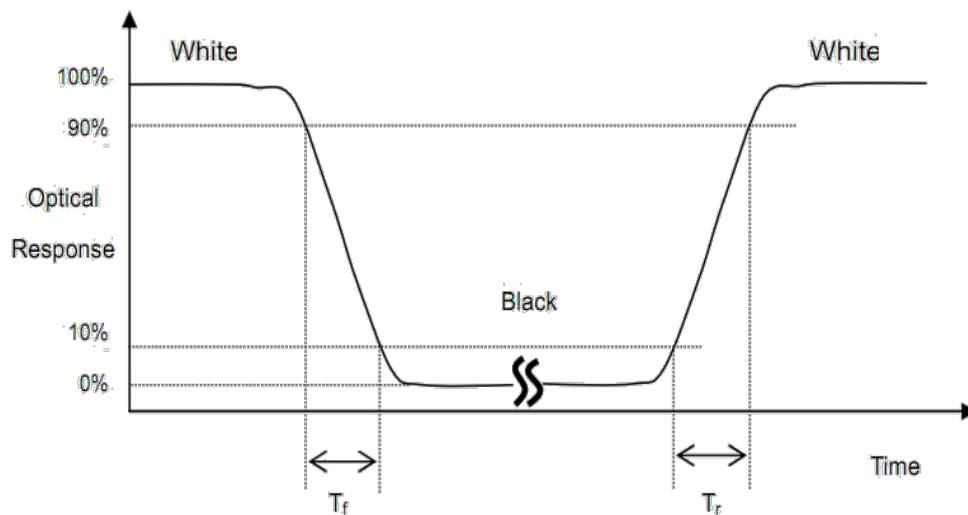
Note 3: The definition of viewing angle: Refer to the graph below marked by θ and ϕ



Note 4: Definition of contrast ratio Contrast measurements shall be made at viewing angle of $\Theta = 0$ and at the center of the LCD surface. Luminance shall be measured with all pixels in the view field set first to white, then to the dark (black) state.

$$CR = \frac{\text{Luminance when displaying a white raster}}{\text{Luminance when displaying a black raster}}$$

Note 5: Definition of Response time The output signals of photo detector are measured when the input signals are changed from “white” to “black”(T_f) and from “black” to “white”(T_r), respectively. The response time is defined as the time interval between the 10% and 90% of amplitudes. Refer to figure as below.



10. Reliability Test Conditions and Methods

No.	Test Items	Test Condition	Inspection After Test
①	High Temperature Storage	80°C±2°C×96Hours	Inspection after 2~4hours storage at room temperature, the samples should be free from defects: 1, Air bubble in the LCD. 2, Seal leak. 3, Non-display. 4, Missing segments. 5, Glass crack. 6, Current IDD is twice higher than initial value. 7, The surface shall be free from damage. 8, The electric characteristic requirements shall be satisfied. 9. Brightness reduction more than 50%.
②	Low Temperature Storage	-30°C±2°C×96Hours	
③	High Temperature Operating	70°C±2°C×96Hours	
④	Low Temperature Operating	-20°C±2°C×96Hours	
⑤	Temperature Cycle(Storage)	<p style="text-align: center;"> -30°C ← (30min) (5min) (30min) → 80°C 1cycle Total 10cycle. </p>	
⑥	Damp Proof Test (Storage)	60°C±5°C×90%RH×96Hours	

REMARK:

- 1, The Test samples should be applied to only one test item.
- 2, Sample side for each test item is 5~10pcs.
- 3, For Damp Proof Test, Pure water (Resistance > 10MΩ) should be used.
- 4, In case of malfunction defect caused by ESD damage, if it would be recovered to normal state after resetting, it would be judge as a good part.
- 5, EL evaluation should be accepted from reliability test with humidity and temperature: Some defects such as black spot/blemish can happen by natural chemical reaction with humidity and Fluorescence EL has.
- 6, Failure Judgment Criterion: Basic Specification Electrical Characteristic, Mechanical Characteristic, Optical Characteristic.

11. Inspection Standard

11.1 Scope

Specifications contain

11.1.1 Display Quality Evaluation

11.1.2 Mechanics Specification

11.2 Sampling Plan

Unless there is other agreement, the sampling plan for incoming inspection shall follow MIL-STD-105E.

11.2.1 Lot size: Quantity per shipment as one lot (different model as different lot).

11.2.2 Sampling type: Normal inspection, single sampling.

11.2.3 Sampling level: Level II.

11.2.4 AQL: Acceptable Quality Level

Major defect: AQL=0.65

Minor defect: AQL=1.5

11.3 Panel Inspection Condition

11.3.1 Environment:

Room Temperature: $25\pm 5^{\circ}\text{C}$.

Humidity: $65\pm 5\%$ RH.

Illumination: 300 ~ 700 Lux.

11.3.2 Inspection Distance:

35 ± 5 cm

11.3.3 Inspection Angle:

The vision of inspector should be perpendicular to the surface of the Module.

11.3.4 Inspection time :

Perceptibility Test Time: 20 seconds max.

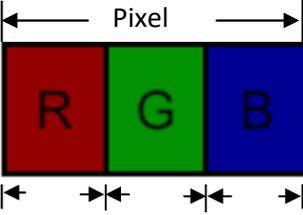
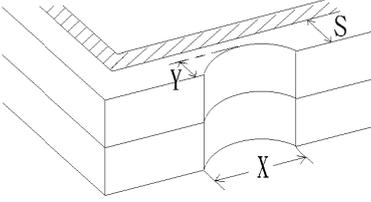
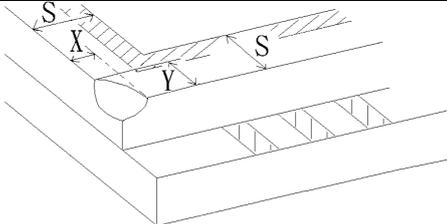
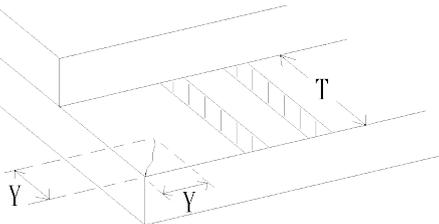
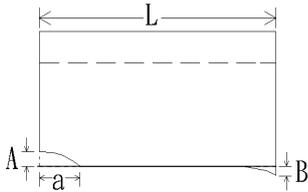
11.4 Inspection Plan

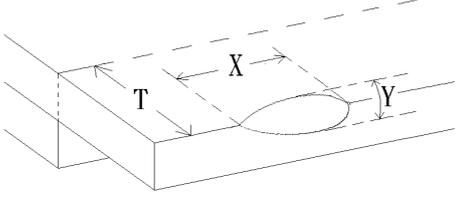
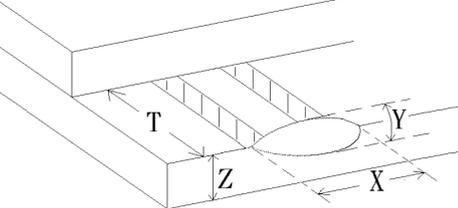
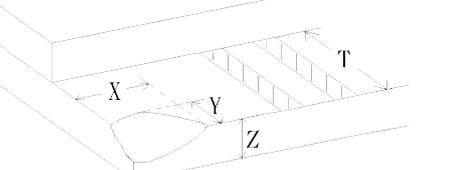
Class	Item	Judgment	Class
Packing & Indicate	1. Outside and inside package.	"MODEL NO.", "LOT NO." and "QUANTITY" should indicate on the package.	Minor
	2. Model mixed and quantity.	Other model mixed Quantity short or over	Major
	3. Product indication.	"MODEL NO." should indicate on the product.	Major
Assembly	4. Dimension, LCD glass scratch and scribe defect.	According to specification or drawing.	Major
Appearance	5. Viewing area.	Polarizer edge or LCD's sealing line is visible in the viewing area.....Rejected.	Minor
	6. Blemish, black spot, white spot in the LCD and LCD glass cracks.	According to standard of visual inspection.(inside viewing area)	Minor
	7. Blemish, black spot, white spot and scratch on the polarizer.	According to standard of visual inspection.(inside viewing area)	Minor
	8. Bubble in polarizer.	According to standard of visual inspection.(inside viewing area)	Minor
	9. LCD's rainbow color.	Strong deviation color (or newton ring) of LCD.....Rejected. Or according to limited sample.(if needed, and inside viewing area)	Minor
Electrical	10. Electrical and optical characteristics.(contrast Vop chromaticity....etc)	According to specification or drawing.(inside viewing area)	Major
	11. Missing line.	Missing dot line character	Major
	12.Short circuit. Wrong pattern display.	No display, wrong pattern display, current consumption. Out of specification	Major

	13. Dot defect.(for color and TFT)	According to standard of visual inspection.	Minor
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11.5 Standard Of Visual Inspection

NO.	CLASS	ITEM	JUDGMENT																				
11.5.1	Minor	Black and white spot. Foreign materiel. Dust. Blemish. Scratch.	<p>(A) Round type: Unit: mm</p> <table border="1"> <tr> <th>Diameter (mm.)</th> <th>Acceptable Q'ty</th> </tr> <tr> <td>$\Phi \leq 0.1$</td> <td>Disregard</td> </tr> <tr> <td>$0.1 < \Phi \leq 0.25$</td> <td>2(Distance>10mm)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>$0.25 < \Phi$</td> <td>0</td> </tr> </table> <p>Note: $\Phi = (\text{length} + \text{width}) / 2$</p> <p>(B) Linear type: Unit: mm</p> <table border="1"> <tr> <th>Length</th> <th>Width (mm.)</th> <th>Acceptable Q'ty</th> </tr> <tr> <td>--</td> <td>$W \leq 0.03$</td> <td>Disregard</td> </tr> <tr> <td>$L \leq 3.0$</td> <td>$0.03 < W \leq 0.05$</td> <td>1(Distance>10mm)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>--</td> <td>$0.05 < W$</td> <td>Not allow</td> </tr> </table>	Diameter (mm.)	Acceptable Q'ty	$\Phi \leq 0.1$	Disregard	$0.1 < \Phi \leq 0.25$	2(Distance>10mm)	$0.25 < \Phi$	0	Length	Width (mm.)	Acceptable Q'ty	--	$W \leq 0.03$	Disregard	$L \leq 3.0$	$0.03 < W \leq 0.05$	1(Distance>10mm)	--	$0.05 < W$	Not allow
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11.5.2	Minor	Dent on polarizer.	<p style="text-align:right">Unit: mm.</p> <table border="1"> <tr> <th>Diameter</th> <th>Acceptable Q'ty</th> </tr> <tr> <td>$\Phi \leq 0.1$</td> <td>Disregard</td> </tr> <tr> <td>$0.1 < \Phi \leq 0.25$</td> <td>2(Distance>10mm)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>$0.25 < \Phi$</td> <td>0</td> </tr> </table>	Diameter	Acceptable Q'ty	$\Phi \leq 0.1$	Disregard	$0.1 < \Phi \leq 0.25$	2(Distance>10mm)	$0.25 < \Phi$	0												
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11.5.3	Minor	Bubble in polarizer.	<p style="text-align:right">Unit: mm.</p> <table border="1"> <tr> <th>Diameter</th> <th>Acceptable Q'ty</th> </tr> <tr> <td>$\Phi \leq 0.1$</td> <td>Disregard</td> </tr> <tr> <td>$0.1 < \Phi \leq 0.25$</td> <td>2(Distance>10mm)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>$0.25 < \Phi$</td> <td>0</td> </tr> </table>	Diameter	Acceptable Q'ty	$\Phi \leq 0.1$	Disregard	$0.1 < \Phi \leq 0.25$	2(Distance>10mm)	$0.25 < \Phi$	0												
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<p>11.5.4</p>	<p>Minor</p>	<p>Dot defect</p>	<table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <thead> <tr> <th>Items</th> <th>Acceptable Q'ty</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Bright dot</td> <td>$N \leq 3$</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Dark dot</td> <td>$N \leq 3$</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Total dot</td> <td>$N \leq 6$</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Pixel define :</p>  <p style="text-align: center;">Dot Dot Dot</p> <p>Note1: The definition of dot: The size of a defective dot over 1/2 of whole dot is regarded as one defective dot. Note 2: Bright dot: Dots appear bright and unchanged in size in which LCD panel is displaying under black pattern. Note 3: The bright dot defect must be visible through 2% ND filter Note 4: Dark dot: Dots appear dark and unchanged in size in which LCD panel is displaying under pure red, green, blue</p>	Items	Acceptable Q'ty	Bright dot	$N \leq 3$	Dark dot	$N \leq 3$	Total dot	$N \leq 6$
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<p>11.5.5</p>	<p>Minor</p>	<p>LCD glass chipping.</p>	 <p style="text-align: right;">$Y > S$ Reject</p>								
<p>11.5.6</p>	<p>Minor</p>	<p>LCD glass chipping.</p>	 <p style="text-align: right;">X or $Y > S$ Reject</p>								
<p>11.5.7</p>	<p>Major</p>	<p>LCD glass crack.</p>	 <p style="text-align: right;">$Y > (1/2)$ T Reject</p>								
<p>11.5.8</p>	<p>Major</p>	<p>LCD glass scribe defect.</p>	 <p style="text-align: right;">1. $a > L/3$, $A > 1.5\text{mm}$ Reject 2. B : According to dimension</p>								

11.5.9	Minor	LCD glass chipping. (on the terminal area)	 <p>$\Phi = (x+y)/2 > 2.5\text{mm}$ Reject</p>
11.5.10	Minor	LCD glass chipping. (on the terminal surface)	 <p>$Y > (1/3)T$ Reject</p>
11.5.11	Minor	LCD glass chipping.	 <p>$Y > T$ Reject</p>

12. Handling Precautions

12.1 Mounting method

This TFT module consists of two thin glass plates with polarizers which easily be damaged. And since the module is so constructed as to be fixed by utilizing fitting holes in the printed circuit board.

Extreme care should be needed when handling the LCD modules.

12.2 Caution of LCD handling and cleaning

When cleaning the display surface, Use soft cloth with solvent

[Recommended below] and wipe lightly.

- Isopropyl alcohol.
- Ethyl alcohol.

Do not wipe the display surface with dry or hard materials that will damage the polarizer surface.

Do not use the following solvent:

- Water.
- Aromatics.

Do not wipe ITO pad area with the dry or hard materials that will damage the ITO patterns

Do not use the following solvent on the pad or prevent it from being contaminated:

- Soldering flux.
- Chlorine (Cl) , Sulfur (S).

If goods were sent without being silicon coated on the pad, ITO patterns could be damaged due to the corrosion as time goes on.

If ITO corrosion happens by miss-handling or using some materials such as Chlorine (Cl), Sulfur (S) from customer, Responsibility is on customer.

12.3 Caution against static charge

The LCD module uses C-MOS LSI drivers, so we recommend that you:

Connect any unused input terminal to POWER or GROUND, do not input any signals before power is turned on, and ground your body, work/assembly areas, and assembly equipment to protect against static electricity.

12.4 packing

- Module employs LCD elements and must be treated as such.
- Avoid intense shock and falls from a height.
- To prevent modules from degradation, do not operate or store them exposed direct to sunshine or high temperature/humidity.

12.5 Caution for operation

- It is an indispensable condition to drive LCD's within the specified voltage limit since the higher voltage then the limit cause the shorter LCD life.
- An electro chemical reaction due to direct current causes LCD's undesirable deterioration, so that the use of direct current drive should be avoided.
- Response time will be extremely delayed at lower temperature then the operating temperature range and on the other hand at higher temperature LCD's how dark color in them. However those phenomena do not mean malfunction or out of order with LCD's, which will come back in the specified operation temperature.
- If the display area is pushed hard during operation, some font will be abnormally displayed but it resumes normal condition after turning off once.
- Slight dew depositing on terminals is a cause for electro-chemical reaction resulting in terminal open circuit.

Usage under the maximum operating temperature, 50%Rh or less is required.

12.6 storing

In the case of storing for a long period of time for instance, for years for the purpose or replacement use, the following ways are recommended.

- Storage in a polyethylene bag with the opening sealed so as not to enter fresh air outside in it. And with no desiccant.
- Placing in a dark place where neither exposure to direct sunlight nor light's keeping the storage temperature range.
- Storing with no touch on polarizer surface by the anything else.

[It is recommended to store them as they have been contained in the inner container at the time of delivery from us.

12.7 Safety

- It is recommendable to crash damaged or unnecessary LCD's into pieces and wash off liquid crystal by either of solvents such as acetone and ethanol, which should be burned up later.
- When any liquid leaked out of a damaged glass cell comes in contact with your hands, please wash it off well with soap and water.

13. Precaution for Use

13.1

A limit sample should be provided by the both parties on an occasion when the both parties agreed its necessity. Judgment by a limit sample shall take effect after the limit sample has been established and confirmed by the both parties.

13.2

On the following occasions, the handing of problem should be decided through discussion and agreement between responsible of the both parties.

- When a question is arisen in this specification
- When a new problem is arisen which is not specified in this specifications
- When an inspection specifications change or operating condition change in customer is reported to TFT , and some problem is arisen in this specification due to the change
- When a new problem is arisen at the customer's operating set for sample evaluation in the customer site.

- END